

Water bioinformatics

Focus questions	How might we determine the organisms that impact water using biotechnology? How can we identify individual organisms in a complex mixture of DNA? What computer tools are needed to decode the source of a DNA sequence?
Vocabulary	Bioinformatics, water quality, National Center for Biotechnology Information (NCBI), Basic Local Alignment Search Tool (BLAST), eDNA sequencing, barcodes, eukaryotes, prokaryotes, harmful algal blooms (HABs), taxon, rbcL gene, COI gene

Water ecosystems contain many organisms both macroscopic (visible with the naked eye) and microscopic. DNA analyses help scientists understand the structure of these complex environments. For example, DNA analyses can find:

- group or **taxon** linked to a healthy water system
- threats to human health
- endangered species
- invaders that compete for resources with native species

The community of organisms within lakes and rivers can be examined by extracting DNA directly from a water sample. This special type of DNA sample is called an environmental DNA (eDNA) sample. The resulting eDNA sample contains DNA from all cells collected within the water sample, including whole organisms or decaying tissue. The **eDNA sequencing** technique looks at genes or non-coding regions of the genome that are critical to life, but each species has a unique sequence signature. These regions are called **barcodes**, analogous to the unique barcodes that label products scanned at supermarket checkouts. The DNA barcode regions are different between **eukaryotes** and **prokaryotes**. Within these major groups there are subcategories of ideal barcodes. For example, identification using the **rbcL gene** which encodes the large subunit of ribulose bisphosphate carboxylase, commonly referred to as rubisco, a key enzyme in photosynthesis is ideal for plants, whereas the **COI gene** which codes for cytochrome C protein which is critical in ATP synthesis, is best suited for animal identification.

Read the following scenario, then obtain the sequence of your water organism. Use the NCBI database to determine the organism and its impact on water quality.

Scenario

Ohio Water Institute and Buckeye Genetic Laboratories have an ongoing water-monitoring project in Lake County. Last week, a summer field technician collected 100mL of water from Lake Erie for eDNA analysis. Buckeye Genetic Laboratories performed eDNA sequencing and released the report containing the top 10 sequences recovered from the water sample. Your job as a bioinformatician is to help identify the source of DNA by searching for similar sequences within the NCBI database using BLAST.

Sequence 1

Procedure

1. Search the NCBI database to identify the following sequence of DNA.
2. Visit ncbi.nlm.nih.gov
3. Click on 'BLAST' in the right column.
4. Click on 'Nucleotide blast'; paste in DNA sequence in the rectangle; submit; wait for result.
You can find sequences at ntf.plus/watersequences.

```
>Sequence-1
CAACAAATCATAAAGATATTGGTCTTTATTTTATTCTTCTGTGNGCTGGCCTGTGG
GCACGGGTTTAGTGTCTTATTCTAGAGCTAAGGGCACCTGGAAGCGTCCTGGTATT
TTCAATTATATAATTAAATTGTCAACACTCATGGGCTGTTATAATTCTTAGTAATAC
CTATAATAATGGGGGATTCGGAAATTGATTGGTACCAATAACTGAGTCTCCTGATATAG
GTTTCCTCGTCTTAATAATGTTAGTTTGTTACCTGTCCTATAGGACTTCTATT
GTTCAAGCTTTAGGGAAAGGAGGATTCGGGGGTGGTTGAACCTTATACCCCTTTATCTAGAG
TTATAGGACATTCAAGGCCTCGATAGATTGTTATCTCTTATATTGGGAGCTT
CTTCGATTATGGCTCTATTAAATTAGGACATGAGGTAATATACGTGCTGGATGTCATC
AATTTACCGGGTCCCTTGTCTGCACATCTATTGGTGTGACCAGATTCCCTTAATCTTAG
CAATGCCTGTATTAGCTGGGCTTAACAATTAACTGATCGAAATTAAACACAAGAT
TTTTGATCCAACAGGATTAGGAGATCCTTATTATTGTTCATCTTTTAATTTGGTC
ACCCCTGAAG
```

Reflection

1. Which organism does this sequence identify?
2. What is its classification (bacteria, plant, animal)?
3. How does your identified organism impact freshwater systems?
4. If the organism is a threat, are there ways to manage it to reduce its threat? Explain.
5. Can you think of other organisms and their DNA that may be found in the water sample?

Sequence 2

Procedure

1. Search the NCBI database to identify the following sequence of DNA.
2. Visit ncbi.nlm.nih.gov
3. Click on 'BLAST' in the right column.
4. Click on 'Nucleotide blast'; paste in DNA sequence in the rectangle; submit; wait for result.
You can find sequences at ntf.plus/watersequences.

>Sequence-2

```
ATGTCACCACAAACAGAGACTAAAGCAAGTGTGGATTCAAAGCTGGTAAAGATTACAAA  
TTGAATTATTATACTCCTGAGTATGAGACAAAAGATA CGGATATCTTGCAGCATTCCGAGTA  
ACTCCTCAACCTGGAGTTCCACCTGAAGAACAGGGGCTGCAGTAGCTGCCAATCTTCTACT  
GGTACATGGACA ACTGTGTGGACTGATGGACTTAC CAGCCTGATCGTTACAAAGGACGATGC  
TACCATATCGAACCCGTTGCTGGAGAAGAAAATCAATTATTGCTTATAGCTTACCCATTA  
GACCTTTGAAGAAGGTTCTGTTACTAACATGTTACCTCCATTGTAGGTAACGTATTGGG  
TTTAAAGCTTACGAGCTCACGTTGGAAGATTGCGAATTCCCTCTGCTTATTCCAAA ACT  
TTCCAAGGCCACCTCATGGGATCCAAGTTGAGAGAGATAAATTGAACAAGTATGGTCGT CCT  
CTATTGGGATGTACCATCAAACCAAAATTGGGATTATCCGCGAAAAACTACGGTAGAGCGGTT  
TATGAATGTCTACGTGGTGGACTTGATTTACCAAGGATGATGAAAACG TAAACTCACACCA  
TTTATGCCTGGAGAGACCGTTCTTATTTGTGCCGAAGCAATTATAAGCACAAGCCGAA  
ACAGGTGAAATTAAAGGGCATTACCTAAATGCTACTGCAGGTACATGCGA
```

Reflection

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Sequence 3

Procedure

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2. Visit ncbi.nlm.nih.gov
3. Click on 'BLAST' in the right column.
4. Click on 'Nucleotide blast'; paste in DNA sequence in the rectangle; submit; wait for result.
You can find sequences at ntf.plus/watersequences.

>Sequence-3

```
TAAAGCTTCAGCCATTTACCGCGAAAATGATTATTTCTACGAATCACAAAGATATTGGAAC
TTTATATTTCTTTGGAACTTGAGCCGGCATAGTCGGAACCTCTCTTAGTCTTTAATTCTG
AGCTGAATTAGGTCAACCAGGATCTTAATTGGAGATGACCAAATTATAATGTTATTGTAAC
TGCTCATGCTTTGTAATAATTTCATGGTTACCTATTATAATTGGAGGGTTGGAAA
TTGACTTGTCCATTAATAACTGGGGGCCAGATATGCCCTTCCACGAATAAATAATATAAG
TTTTGACTTCTCCTCCCTCACTAACTCTTCTTCTAGCCAGCTCTTCGTAGAAAGAGGGAGC
TGGGACAGGATGAACGGTTATCCCCATTAGCATCAGGAATTGCCATGCAGGAGCAGCCGT
AGATTAGCTATTAGTCTCCACCTTGCTGGGTATCCTCAATTAGGTGCTGTAAATT
TATTACTACAGTAATTAATACGATCACCAGGTATAACTTTGATCGAATACCTCTATTG
TTGAGCTGTTGCTATTACTGCTCTCCTCTCTCTTACCAAGTCTTAGCTGGAGCTAT
TACTATACTTCTACAGATCGTAATTAAATACCTCATTTCGATCCAGCTTCAGGAGGAGA
CCATATTATATCAACATTATTCTGATTCTT
```

Reflection

1. Which organism does this sequence identify?
2. What is its classification (bacteria, plant, animal)?
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5. Can you think of other organisms and their DNA that may be found in the water sample?

Sequence 4

Procedure

1. Search the NCBI database to identify the following sequence of DNA.
2. Visit [ncbi.nlm.nih.gov](https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov)
3. Click on 'BLAST' in the right column.
4. Click on 'Nucleotide blast'; paste in DNA sequence in the rectangle; submit; wait for result.
You can find sequences at ntf.plus/watersequences.

>Sequence-4

```
CCTTTATCTAGTATTGGTCTTGAGCCGGAATAGTGGCACAGCCCTAACGCCTACTCATCCG  
AGCGGAACTAAGCAGCCGGCGCTCCCTGGAGACGACCAAATTATAACGTAATTGTTAC  
GGCACATGCCTTGTAAATAATCTTCCTTATAGTAATACCTATTATGATTGGGGTTTGGAA  
CTGGCTCATCCCACTCATAATTGGTCCCCGATATGGCATTCCCTCGAATAAACATAAG  
CTTTTGACTCCTGCCCTCTTCTCCTTCAGGGGTTGAGGCAGGGAGC  
TGGCACCGGGTGGACTGTTACCCCCCACTAGCTGGAAACCTAGCACACGCCGGGCATCTGT  
AGACTTAACCATCTTCTACATTAGCAGGAATTCTCAATTCTAGGCAGAACATAATT  
TATTACAACATTATAACATGAAACCCCCGCTATTCTCAATACCAGACCCCTTATTG  
TTGAGCCGTATTAATTACCGCTGTACTTCTACTACTTCCCTCCCGTGTGCGCCGCTGGCAT  
TACAATGCTCCTACGGACCGAAACTAAACACCACATTCTTGACCTGCAGGAGGAGGAGA  
CCCTATTCTATCAACACCTA
```

Reflection

1. Which organism does this sequence identify?
2. What is its classification (bacteria, plant, animal)?
3. How does your identified organism impact freshwater systems?
4. If the organism is a threat, are there ways to manage it to reduce its threat? Explain.
5. Can you think of other organisms and their DNA that may be found in the water sample?

Sequence 5

Procedure

1. Search the NCBI database to identify the following sequence of DNA.
2. Visit ncbi.nlm.nih.gov
3. Click on 'BLAST' in the right column.
4. Click on 'Nucleotide blast'; paste in DNA sequence in the rectangle; submit; wait for result.
You can find sequences at ntf.plus/watersequences.

>Sequence-5

```
AAATTGAAGAGTTGATCATGGCTCAGATTGAACGCTGGCGGCAGGCCTAACACATGCAAGTC  
GAACGGTAACAGGAAGAAGCTTGTCTTGTGACGAGTGGCGGACGGGTGAGTAATGTCTG  
GGAAACTGCCTGATGGAGGGGGATAACTACTGGAAACGGTAGCTAATACCGCATACGTCGCA  
AGACCAAAGAGGGGGACCTTCGGGCCTTGCATCGGATGTGCCAGATGGGATTAGCTAGT  
AGGTGGGTAACGGCTCACCTAGGCGACGATCCCTAGCTGGTCTGAGAGGATGACCAGCCACA  
CTGGAACTGAGACACGGTCAGACTCCTACGGGAGGCAGCAGTGGGAATATTGCACAATGGG  
CGCAAGCCTGATGCAGCCATGCCCGTGTATGAAGAAGGCCTCgggTTGAAAGTACTTCA  
GCGGGGAGGAAGGGAGTAAGTTAACCTTGCTCATTGACGTTACCCGCAGAAGAACGACC  
GGCTAACTCCGTGCCAGCAGCCCGGTAATACGGAGGGTGCAAGCGTTAACCGAATTACTGG  
GCGTAAAGCGCACCGAGGCGGTTGTTAAGTCAGATGTGAAATCCCCGGCTAACCTGGAA  
CTGCATCTGATACTGGCAAGCTTGAGTCTCGTAGAGGGGGTAGAATTCCAGGTAGCGGTG  
AAATCGTAGAGATCTGGAGGAATACCGGTGGCGAAGGCGCCCTGGACGAAGACTGACGC  
TCAGGTGCGAAAGCGTGGGAGCAAACAGGATTAGATACCTGGTAGTCCACGCCGTAAACGA  
TGTGACTTGGAGGTTGTGCCCTTGAGGCGTGGCTTCCGGAGCTAACCGTTAACGCGC  
CTGGGGAGTACGGCGCAAGGTTAAAACCTAAATGAATTGACGGGGGCCGCACAAGCGTGG  
AGCATGTGGTTAACCGATGCAACCGAAGAACCTTACCTGGTCTTGACATCCACAGAACTT  
TCCAGAGATGGATTGGTGCTTCCGGAACTGTGAGACAGGTGCTGCATGGCTGTCAGCTC  
GTGTTGTGAAATGTTGGGTTAAGTCCCGCAACGAGCGAACCCCTATCTTGTGAGCGG  
TCCGGCCGGAACTCAAAGGAGACTGCCAGTGATAAAACTGGAGGAAGGTGGGATGACGTC  
GTCATCATGGCCCTTACGACCAGGGTACACACGTGCTACAATGGCGCATACAAAGAGAACG  
ACCTCGCGAGAGCAAGCGGACCTCATAAAGTGCCTCGTAGTCCGGATTGGAGTCTGCAACTCG  
ACTCCATGAAGTCGAATGCTAGTAATCGTGGATCAGAATGCCACGGTAATACGTTCCCG  
GCCTTGTACACACCGCCGTCACACCAGGGAGTGGGTTGCAAAAGAAGTAGGTAGCTTAACC  
TTCGGGAGGGCGCTTACCACTTGTGATTGACTGGGTGAAGTCGTAACAAGGTAAACCGT  
AGGGAACCTGCGGTTGGATCACCTCCTTA
```

Reflection

1. Which organism does this sequence identify?
2. What is its classification (bacteria, plant, animal)?
3. How does your identified organism impact freshwater systems?
4. If the organism is a threat, are there ways to manage it to reduce its threat? Explain.
5. Can you think of other organisms and their DNA that may be found in the water sample?

Sequence 6

Procedure

1. Search the NCBI database to identify the following sequence of DNA.
2. Visit ncbi.nlm.nih.gov
3. Click on 'BLAST' in the right column.
4. Click on 'Nucleotide blast'; paste in DNA sequence in the rectangle; submit; wait for result.
You can find sequences at ntf.plus/watersequences.

>Sequence-6

```
ATAGGTGTTGTTATTTTGTGGGTTGTGGGTGGTTATTGGTTGGGTTAAGCTA  
TTGATTGTTAAATTTGTGAGCCTTATTATAATTGATACCTCTGAGGTCTATAATTAT  
CTAATTACTAACATGGGATTGCAATGATATTCTTTTGATGCCTGTATTGATTGGTGGG  
TTTGGTAAATATCTTGCCTTTGTTGGGTTAGATGATTGGCATTGCCTCGTTAAAT  
TCTTAAGTGTGGTTGATGGTCCTCGATGTTCTATATGGAGTTGAGTTGGTTGTGGT  
GCTGGGTTGGTGGACGTTTATCCTCCTTATCAATTAGAGATCAATGGGGTAGGTGTT  
GATTATTAATGTTTCGTTGCATTAGCTGGTGTTCAGGTTGTTAGGTTCTGTGAAATT  
ATAACTACTATTTTTGAATCTTAGTTGTGGGTTCTGTGATTGTTGGTCGTATTTATTT  
ACGTCTGTTTATTATTATCTTGCCTGTTGGCTGCGGGTATAACTATGTTGTTGTT  
GATCGAAAATTGGTACTGCCTTTGAACCTTGTGGGGGGGTGATCCTATCTGTTCAA  
CATTATTTGGTTTTGGTCATCCCGAGGTATATGCTTGATTGCCAGGGTTGGAATT  
GTTAGGCACATTGTATGAACTTGAGTAAAAAAGATTCTTCTTGGTTATTATGGTTGGTT  
TGTGCTATGGCTCTAGTGTGTTAGGTAGTGTGGTGTGGCTCATCATATGTTATGGT  
GGCTTAGATGTTAAGACTGCTGTGTTTAGTTCTGTTACTATGGTTATTGGTATTCCGACC  
GGTATTAAGGTTTTCTGGTTATATATGTTGGTACTAGTTACTGCGTGGAAATGGAGCCA  
ATTGTATTGTGGGTGTTGGGTTTATTTCTTTACTGTGGGGGGGTGACC
```

Reflection

1. Which organism does this sequence identify?
2. What is its classification (bacteria, plant, animal)?
3. How does your identified organism impact freshwater systems?
4. If the organism is a threat, are there ways to manage it to reduce its threat? Explain.
5. Can you think of other organisms and their DNA that may be found in the water sample?

Sequence 7

Procedure

1. Search the NCBI database to identify the following sequence of DNA.
2. Visit ncbi.nlm.nih.gov
3. Click on 'BLAST' in the right column.
4. Click on 'Nucleotide blast'; paste in DNA sequence in the rectangle; submit; wait for result.
You can find sequences at ntf.plus/watersequences.

>Sequence-7

```
TTCATACGCTGTAAAAACTACTGATATTTAGCATTATTCCGTATTACTCCACAACCAGGTGT  
AGATCCAGTAGAACGCAGCAGCTGTGGCTGGTGAATCTCACAGAACATGGACTGTTGT  
ATGGACAGATTATTAACAGCTGTGAGCGCTACCGTGCTAAAGCTTACCGTGAGATCCTGT  
TCCAAATGCAACTGATCAATACTTCGCTTCATCGCTTATGAATGTGATTATTTGAAGAAGG  
TTCTTAGCTAACTAACAGCTCTATTATCGGTAAACGTATTGGTTCAAAGCTGTATCTGC  
TTTACGTTAGAAGATATCGTATTCCCTCACTCATACTTAAACATTCCAAGGTCCTGCTAC  
AGGTATCGTTGAGAACGTGAGCGTTAAACAAATACGGTGTTCCTTATTAGGTGCAACTGT  
AAAACCTAAATTAGGTTATCAGGTAAAAACTACGGTCGTGTAGTATATGAAGGTTAAAGG  
TGGTTAGACTCTTAAAGATGATGAAAACATTAACCGTTACAGCTGCTGAGCTGAAAGTTAAAGG  
ACGTTCTTAAACTGTATGGAAGGTATTAACCGTGCTGCAGCTGCAACAGGTGAAGTTAAAGG  
TTCTTACTTAAACATCACTGCTGCTACTATGGAAGAACTTTACAAACGTGGTGAGTACGCTAA  
AGCTGTAGGTTCTGTAATCGTTATGATCGATTTAGGTTACACAGCAATTCAAAGTGC  
TGCTATCTGGGCTCGTAAAAACGATTAGTATTACACTTACACCGTGCAGGTAACTCAACTTA  
CGCTCGTAAAAAAAAATCC
```

Reflection

1. Which organism does this sequence identify?
2. What is its classification (bacteria, plant, animal)?
3. How does your identified organism impact freshwater systems?
4. If the organism is a threat, are there ways to manage it to reduce its threat? Explain.
5. Can you think of other organisms and their DNA that may be found in the water sample?

Sequence 8

Procedure

1. Search the NCBI database to identify the following sequence of DNA.
2. Visit ncbi.nlm.nih.gov
3. Click on 'BLAST' in the right column.
4. Click on 'Nucleotide blast'; paste in DNA sequence in the rectangle; submit; wait for result.
You can find sequences at ntf.plus/watersequences.

>Sequence-8

```
ATCATGGAGAGTTGATCCTGGCTCAGGATGAACGCTGGCGGTGCCTAACACATGCAAGTC  
GAACGGGAATCTCGGATTCTAGTGGCGGACGGGTGAGTAACCGTAAGAATCTAACTTCAGG  
ACGGGGACAACAGTTGAAACGACTGCTAATACCCGATATGCCCGAGGTGAAACCTAATTGG  
CCTGAAGAAGAGCTTGCCTGATTAGCTAGTTGGTGGGTAAGAGCCTACCAAGGCAGCGAT  
CAGTAGCTGGTCTGAGAGGATGAGCAGCCACACTGGGACTGAGACACGGCCCAGACTCCTACG  
GGAGGCAGCAGTGGGAATTTCGCAATGGCGAAAGCCTGACGGAGCAACGCCCGTGAGG  
GAGGAAGGTCTTGGATTGAAACCTTTCTCAAGGAAGAAGTTCTGACGGTACTTGAGGA  
ATCAGCCTCGGCTAACTCCGTGCCAGCAGCCCGGTAATACGGGGAGGCAAGCGTTATCCGG  
AATTATTGGCGTAAAGCGTCCGCAGGTGGTCAGCCAAGTCTGCTGTCAAATCAGGTTGCTTA  
ACGACCTAAAGGCGGTGAAACTGGCAGACTAGAGAGCAGTAGGGTAGCAGGAATTCCAGT  
GTAGCGGTGAAATCGTAGAGATTGGGAGAACATCGTGGCGAAAGCGTACTGGCTGT  
ATCTGACACTCAGGGACGAAAGCTAGGGGAGCGAAAGGGATTAGATAACCCCTGTAGTCTAGC  
CGTAAACGATGGATACTAGGCCTGGCTTGATCGACCCGAGCCGTGCCAGCTAACCGTTA  
AGTATCCCGCCTGGGAGTACGCACGCAAGTGTGAAACTCAAAGGAATTGACGGGGCCGCA  
CAAGCGGTGGAGTATGTGGTTAATTGATGCAACCGAAGAACCTTACCAAGACTTGACATG  
TCGCGAACCTGGTAAAGCTGGGCTTCTGGAGCGAACACAGGTGGTGCATGGCTG  
TCGTCAGCTCGTGTGAGATGTTGGGTAAGTCCCACGAGCGAACCCCTCGTTCTAG  
TTGCCAGCATTAAGTTGGGACTCTAAGGAGACTGCCGGTACAAACCGGAGGAAGGTGGGA  
TGACGTCAAGTCAGCATGCCCTACGTTGGCGACACACGTACTACAATGGTGGGACAA  
AGGGCAGCGAACTCGCAGAGGCCAGCGAATCCCAGCAAACCCGGCCTCAGTCAGATTGCAGG  
CTGCAACTCGCCTGCATGAAGGAGGAATCGCTAGTAATGCCGGTCAGCATACGGCGGTGAAT  
TCGTTCCCGGGCCTGTACACACCGCCGTACACCATGGAAGCTGGTCACGCCGAAGTCAT  
TACCTCAACCGCAAGGAGGGGATGCCCTAAGGCAGGGCTAGTGACTIONGGTGAAGTCGTAACA  
AGGTAGCCGTACCGGAAGGTGTGGCTGGATCACCTCCTTA
```

Reflection

1. Which organism does this sequence identify?
2. What is its classification (bacteria, plant, animal)?
3. How does your identified organism impact freshwater systems?
4. If the organism is a threat, are there ways to manage it to reduce its threat? Explain.
5. Can you think of other organisms and their DNA that may be found in the water sample?

Sequence 9

Procedure

1. Search the NCBI database to identify the following sequence of DNA.
2. Visit ncbi.nlm.nih.gov
3. Click on 'BLAST' in the right column.
4. Click on 'Nucleotide blast'; paste in DNA sequence in the rectangle; submit; wait for result.
You can find sequences at ntf.plus/watersequences.

```
>Sequence-9
CCTTTATCTTGTATTGGTGCCTGAGCCGGAATAGTAGGAACCGCCTTAAGCCTCCTCATTG
GGCCGAACCTAGCCAACCCGGGTCGCTTCTAGGTGATGACCAAATTATAACGTTATCGTCAC
TGCCCACGCCTTGTAAATAATTCTTATAGTAATGCCATCCTTATTGGAGGATTGGAAA
CTGACTTGTACCACAAATAATCGGAGCCCCAGACATAGCATTCCCACGAATAAACATAAG
CTTCTGACTACTACCCCCATCATTCTTCTACTCCTAGCTTCTGGTGTGAAGCTGGAGC
CGGAACAGGATGAACCGTATACCCACCTCTTGCAAGGAACCTAGCCCACGCAGGAGCATCAGT
AGACCTAACAAATTCTCACCTCACCTAGCAGGTGTTCATCAATTCTAGGGCAATCAACTT
TATTACTACAACCATCAACATGAAACCCCCAGCCATCTCTCAATACCAAACACCCCTGTTG
CTGATCCGTGCTTGTAAACGCCGTATTGCTCCTCTATCATTACCTGTTTAGCCGCAGGAAT
TACAATGCTCCTAACAGACCGAAACCTTAATACCACATTCTTGACCCGGCAGGAGGAGGAGA
CCCAATCCTTATCAACACTTATT
```

Reflection

1. Which organism does this sequence identify?
2. What is its classification (bacteria, plant, animal)?
3. How does your identified organism impact freshwater systems?
4. If the organism is a threat, are there ways to manage it to reduce its threat? Explain.
5. Can you think of other organisms and their DNA that may be found in the water sample?

Sequence 10

Procedure

1. Search the NCBI database to identify the following sequence of DNA.
2. Visit ncbi.nlm.nih.gov
3. Click on 'BLAST' in the right column.
4. Click on 'Nucleotide blast'; paste in DNA sequence in the rectangle; submit; wait for result.
You can find sequences at ntf.plus/watersequences.

```
>Sequence-10
AAATCTCGGCACGACTCCGTACTACAATTGGTGGTACTCTGGACACCCTGGGTA
ACGCTCCTGGTCTACTGCTAACCGCGTAGCTTGAAGCAGTTCAAGCTCGTAACGAAG
GTCGTAACCTGGCTCGTAAGGTAATGATATTATCCCGAAGCTGCTAAGTGGTCTCCTGAGT
TGGCTGTTGCTTGCAGACTGTGGAAAGAAATCAAGTCGAGTTGAAGCTATGGATAACCGTCT
GATCTTCAAGTAACAAGTAAAAAGTAAAAGTAAGAAAAATAATTATTCTTCTTGACTT
TTGACTTTTACTGTTATGGCTAGGTCAAGTATGGATTAAAGCAAATTGCGAAAGAGACA
GCCAACACTCTCAAAGCTACCTGACTTACCGCTTAAGGACTGTATTGGCACAGTTAGGC
GAAACAAATCCTCTCTAGCACATTGGTCAAAACTCTCCGCTGGAAAATCCAAGACGGA
GAAGCATACATAGAGGAACGTGTTCTAGAAAAGTCAGATTAGCATTACGGATTATGACTGTC
AGGGAACACATAGCGGCAGAAGTGGCAGAATTCTTACCAAGAAATGGTTGAGTGGCATTAGC
CAAGCCAATATGGAACAACGTGCCAGCATCTCGAACGCATTACGCAACTAGACTTATCAAGT
CCTAGCCCCAAAACACCAAAGACAGATAATCTAATTCTAATTGGATAATTATCCAATT
GTCAGTCAACCAAATAATAAAAATCTCCCCACTTACCAAAAATGCAAACCTTACCTAA
AGAGCGTCGT
```

Reflection

1. Which organism does this sequence identify?
2. What is its classification (bacteria, plant, animal)?
3. How does your identified organism impact freshwater systems?
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5. Can you think of other organisms and their DNA that may be found in the water sample?

Rubric for self-assessment

Skill	Yes	No	Unsure
I can explain the use of barcodes to compare organisms.			
I can use the NCBI database to identify organisms based on DNA sequences.			
I can describe the impact of various water organisms on water quality.			